## Financial fitness worksheet



Answer these 8 questions to assess your level of financial fitness. Use the motivational tips on the back to set your financial goals.

1	T / F	I'm clear about how much money is coming in, how much is going out and where I spend my money each month.	
2	T / F	If I got sick or hurt and couldn't work, I know exactly how much my workplace disability income insurance would pay and for how long.	
3	T / F	If my car needed \$1,000 in repairs or my dog needed emergency surgery, I have savings to cover the unexpected expense.	
4	T / F	I know how much I need to save for retirement.	
5	T / F	I know how much credit card debt I have and how much I pay each month in interest.	
6	T / F	I know the difference between term and permanent (whole) life insurance.	
7	T / F	I know my credit score.	
8	T / F	I know what I want for my future and have a written financial plan outlining what it will take to make it happen.	

## **HOW DID YOU DO?**

Give yourself one point for each "True" and zero points for each "False" answer.

**7-8 Total Points:** You have an extremely high degree of financial security and wellbeing. You are very "Financially Fit."

**4-6 Total Points:** You're on the right path to being "Financially Fit." You've made some wise choices and could benefit from making additional smart money moves.

**O-3 Total Points:** You're a good candidate to take some initial steps to get "Financially Fit."



## FINANCIAL BASICS CHECKLIST

Whether you have a little or a lot, managing money brings a lifetime of choices. The best financial plans revolve around four money management strategies:

UN	IDERSTAND YOUR CASH FLOW	PF	ROTECT YOUR FAMILY, INCOME, AND ASSETS		
	<b>Save first</b> . Set aside a realistic, meaningful amount of your current income to help fund your financial future.		<b>Protect your loved ones.</b> Make sure your family will have the financial resources they need to maintain their lifestyle if you passed away. Consider getting enough life insurance to pay the		
	<b>Track all your expenses.</b> Use either a budget worksheet each month or the Cash Flow tool in our mobile app.		mortgage, educate your kids, and pay for final expenses. Plus, make sure you have a will and powers of attorney in place.		
	Align your spending with the 20/60/20 rule and make a monthly budget. Once you've tracked where your money is going, compare your spending to these guidelines:  20% of your income should be saved or invested		Protect your paycheck. Check your workplace disability income coverage. It probably has a cap on how much it pays if you become sick or injured. If so, consider buying individual		
			disability income insurance to help fill the gap.		
	60% of your take-home pay should go to essential expenses		Protect your property and assets. Make sure you're		
	20% of your take-home pay can be used for discretionary expenses		protected with property casualty insurance* if you need to replace or fix an item like your home or car. It can also protect you if you injure someone else or damage their property or if		
	Make tough choices. Reaching long-term goals may mean adjusting your cash flow — by finding more affordable housing, reducing expenses, or finding additional sources of income.		another person injures you and doesn't have the proper type or amount of insurance in place.		
DE	EVELOP A SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT PLAN	REATE A STRATEGY TO MANAGE YOUR DEBT			
	Establish an emergency fund. You never know when an		Make a list of all your debts.		
	unexpected cost might pop up. Set aside enough money to cover three to six months of expenses in an account that allows you to access your cash within a few days, like a traditional savings account.  Contribute to your 401(k). If your job offers a retirement plan with an employer match, invest at least up to the point where the employer match ends (if possible). If you don't have a 401(k) through work, you can start your own IRA using automatic deductions from your paycheck.  Consider other ways to save and invest to meet your fnancial goals. Your financial representative can help you determine where to put your money depending on your goals and time horizon.		See if you can lower any of your interest rates. You may be able to lower the rate on your credit cards by simply asking, especially if you have a good credit score.		
			<b>Determine how much extra money you can put toward you debt.</b> How much of your take-home pay can you comfortably put toward debt without sacrificing other important goals like building up your emergency fund or saving for retirement?		
			Pay high-interest debt first. Make minimum monthly payments on all your debts. Then devote any extra money		
			toward paying off the highest-interest-rate debt first.		
			Keep any future debt in check.		
	GET STARTED NOW: PRIORITIZE YOUR GOALS				
	top financial goal for the short term (1-2 years from now) is:				
	My top financial goal for the medium term (3-10 years from now) is:  My top financial goal for the long term (11+ years from now) is:				

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